READING GUIDE*

Soil as a Natural Body III: Climate

see Buol et al. (2011), Chapter 3, p. 102-113

OBJECTIVE: To understand climate as a factor of soil formation and to recognize the influence of various macroclimatic and microclimatic factors on soil development, soil properties, and soil management.

- 1. What macroclimatic attributes have an influence on soil forming processes and resulting soil properties? What microclimatic attributes have an influence on soil forming processes and resulting soil properties?
- 2. What soil forming processes are driven by water movement and storage within the soil?
- 3. What factors influence whether rainfall enters the soil or runs off? Explain the influence of each of these factors.
- 4. What general relationships between soil properties are associated with an increase in annual precipitation? **Explain why these trends occur.**
- 5. Why are evaporation and transpiration also important processes? How can evapotranspiration influence soil forming processes and resulting soil properties?
- 6. What materials can be added to the soil via precipitation? Provide several examples.
- 7. <u>Explain</u> how temperature influences each of the following: (i) reactions within the soil, (ii) soil moisture availability, (iii) vegetation type and quantity, (iv) soil organic matter content.
- 8. What is Van't Hoff's temperature rule?
- What is the predominant source of heat energy in the soil? <u>Explain</u> how each of the following influences the amount of heat energy received by the soil: (i) soil color, (ii) slope aspect, (iii) vegetative cover, (iv) **mulch** or crop residues.
- 10. Why are diurnal temperature changes absent below a depth of approximately 50 cm?
- 11. Why are redder soil colors associated with higher soil temperatures? Why are lower nitrogen and organic matter contents associated with higher soil temperatures?
- 12. <u>Explain</u> how topography, soil color, soil moisture content, and vegetation influence microclimate. How do soil properties respond to these differences in microclimate?
- 13. What is a *climosequence*? How can climosequences be used to study soil genesis?

SYNTHESIS:

- 14. How does climate influence or interact with other soil forming factors (organisms, relief)? Explain your answer.
- 15. How does climate (macro- or micro-) influence land use management decisions? Provide several specific examples.

^{*} Questions in plain type represent basic facts and concepts. Questions in **bold** type are those that are answered in the text but require more careful consideration. The Synthesis questions at the end help you apply the facts and concepts to a relevant issue.