READING GUIDE*

Epipedons

see Buol et al. (2011), Chapter 2, p. 51-57

OBJECTIVE: To understand the various diagnostic soil materials identified within Soil Taxonomy, and recognize the different epipedons that may be present and the criteria on which they are defined.

- 1. What are diagnostic soil materials and horizons?
- 2. How do diagnostic soil materials and horizons differ from soil horizon designations used to complete field descriptions of soil profiles?
- 3. How are mineral soil materials distinguished from organic soil materials?
- 4. What are *albic materials*? What specific criteria are used to define albic materials? What processes are inferred by the presence of albic materials?
- 5. What are *andic materials*? What laboratory data are needed to determine the presence of andic soil properties?
- 6. What are gelic materials?
- 7. What are paralithic materials? What is isovolumetric weathering?
- 8. What are *spodic materials*? What specific criteria are used to define spodic materials? **What processes are inferred by the presence of spodic materials**?
- 9. What are fibers? How are fibric, hemic, and sapric soil materials distinguished from each other?
- 10. What is an epipedon? What horizons may be included in the epipedon?
- 11. What is a *mollic epipedon*? What specific criteria are used to define the mollic epipedon? How does the *umbric epipedon* differ from the mollic epipedon?
- 12. What is a histic epipedon? What specific criteria are used to define the histic epipedon?
- 13. What is an *ochric epipedon*? What specific criteria are used to define the ochric epipedon? How does it compare to the mollic and umbric epipedons?

SYNTHESIS:

14. What epipedon is most likely to be found in most West Virginia soils? Why? In what environments in West Virginia might other epipedons be found? Explain your answer.

^{*} Questions in plain type represent basic facts and concepts. Questions in **bold** type are those that are answered in the text but require more careful consideration. The Synthesis questions at the end help you apply the facts and concepts to a relevant issue.